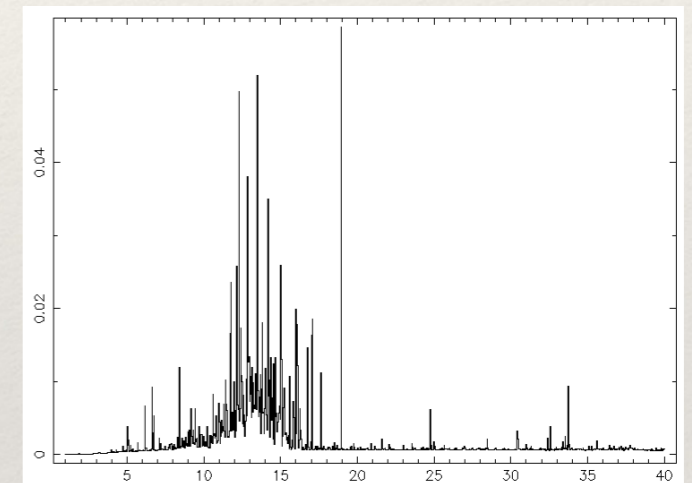


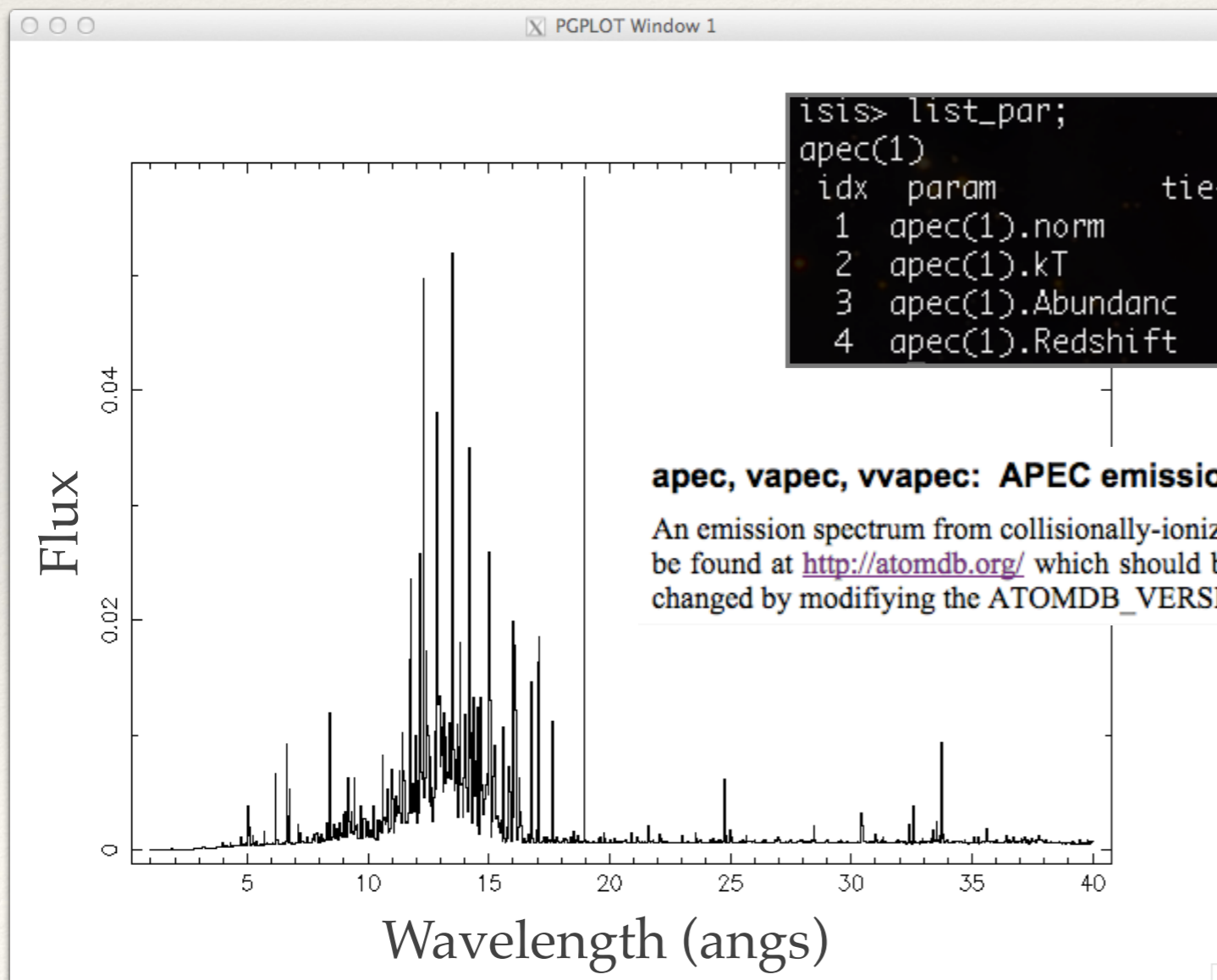
L. Corrales, ISIS Workshop, 18-August-2015

Navigating atomic databases with ISIS



Modeling astrophysical plasmas (apec in XSPEC)

```
isis> (x1, x2) = linear_grid( 1, 40, 1000 );  
isis> fit_fun( "apec(1)" );  
Solar Abundance Vector set to angr: Anders E. & Grevesse N. Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta 53, 197 (1989)  
Cross Section Table set to bcmc: Balucinska-Church and McCammon, 1998  
isis> y = eval_fun( x1, x2 );  
isis> hplot( x1, x2, y );
```



```
isis> list_par;
```

```
apec(1)
```

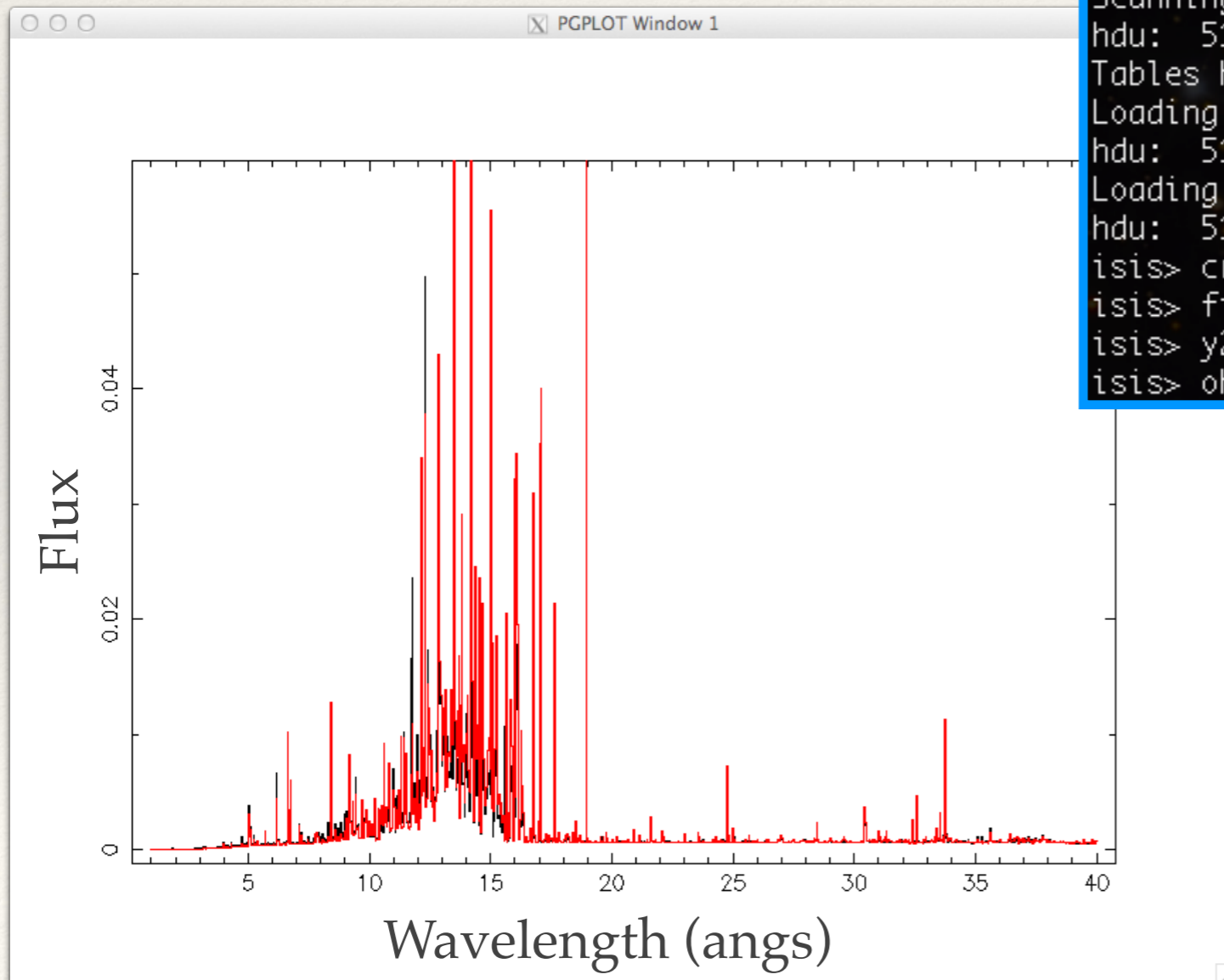
idx	param	tie-to	freeze	value	min	max
1	apec(1).norm	0	0	1	0	1e+10
2	apec(1).kT	0	0	1	0.008	64 keV
3	apec(1).Abundanc	0	1	1	0	5
4	apec(1).Redshift	0	1	0	-0.999	10

apec, vaped, vvaped: APEC emission spectrum

An emission spectrum from collisionally-ionized diffuse gas calculated using the ATOMDB code v2.0.2. More information can be found at <http://atomdb.org/> which should be consulted by anyone running this model. This default version number can be changed by modifying the ATOMDB_VERSION string in your Xspec.init file.

Modeling astrophysical plasmas (ISIS)

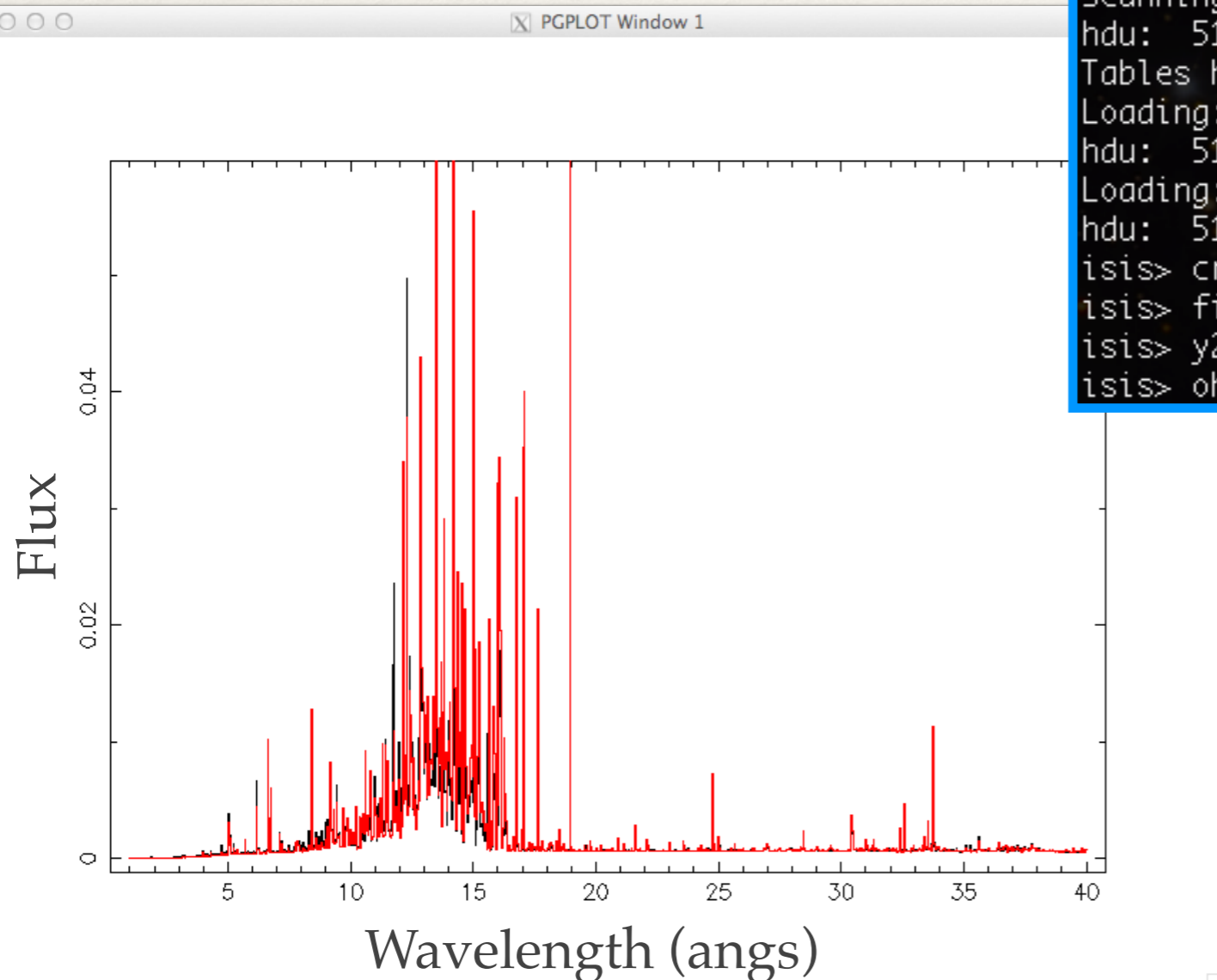
```
isis> plasma(aped);  
Reading database version 2.0.1 from /nfs/cxc/a1/share/atomdb  
Initializing: atomic data  
Read 268 energy level files  
Read 268 wavelength files  
Tables have 914474 lines between 0.6979 and 1e+10 Angstrom  
Initializing: emissivity data  
Scanning: line emissivity tables [51 hdus]  
hdu: 51/51  
Tables have 917416 lines between 0.6979 and 1e+10 Angstrom  
Loading: line emissivity tables [51 hdus]  
hdu: 51/51  
Loading: continuum emissivity tables [51 hdus]  
hdu: 51/51  
isis> create_aped_fun( "myplasma", default_plasma_state );  
isis> fit_fun( "myplasma(1)" );  
isis> y2 = eval_fun( x1, x2 );  
isis> ohplot( x1, x2, y2, 2 );
```



Modeling astrophysical plasmas (ISIS)

```
isis> print( aped );  
Reading database version 2.0.1 from /nfs/cxc/a1/share/atomdb  
{dir="/nfs/cxc/a1/share/atomdb",  
  atomic_data_filemap="filemap",  
  abundance="APED/misc/Abundances.fits",  
  ion_balance="APED/ionbal/MM98_ionbal.fits",  
  line_emissivity="apec_v2.0.1_line.fits",  
  continuum_emissivity="apec_v2.0.1_coco.fits"}
```

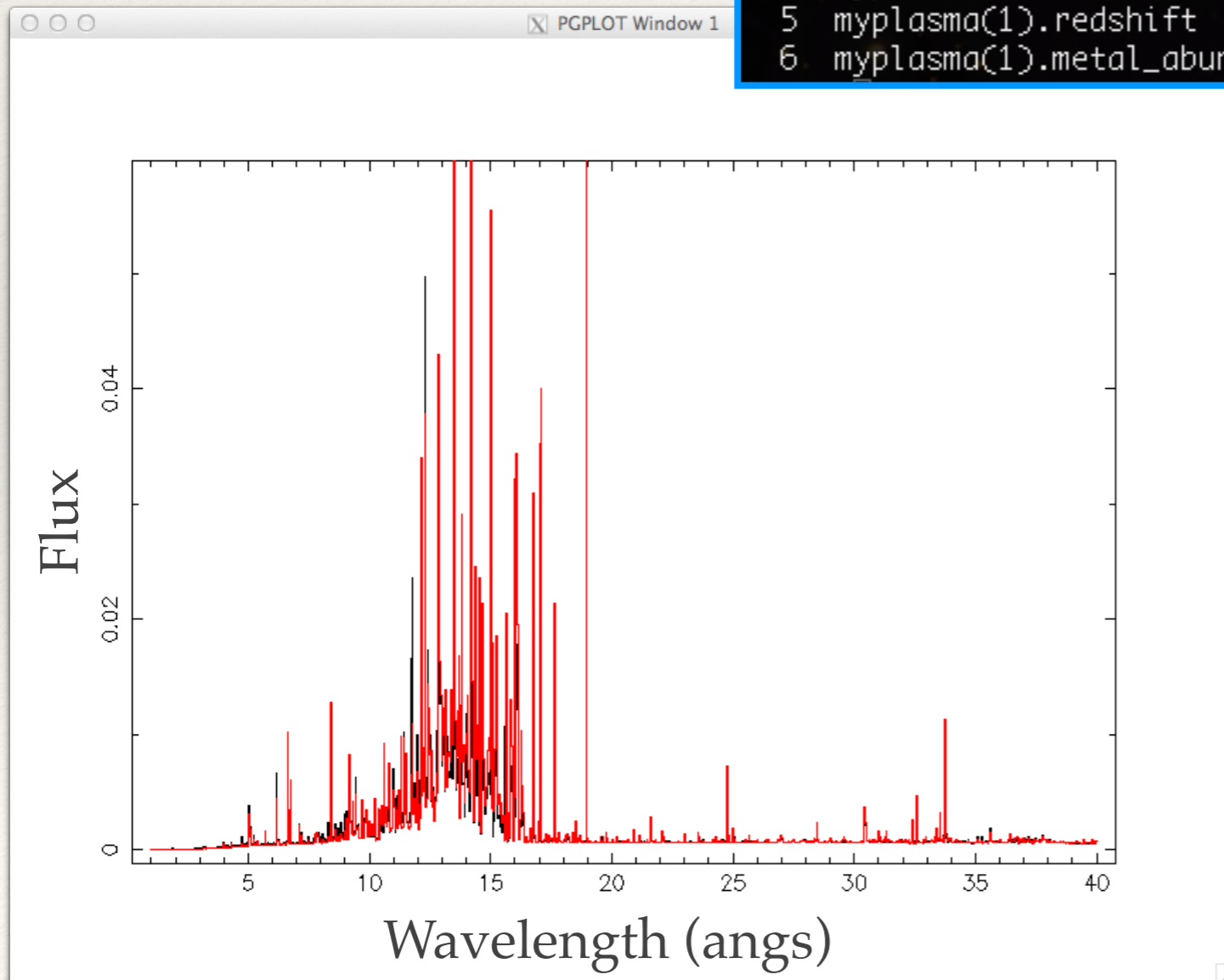
```
isis> plasma(aped);  
Reading database version 2.0.1 from /nfs/cxc/a1/share/atomdb  
Initializing: atomic data  
Read 268 energy level files  
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Tables have 914474 lines between 0.6979 and 1e+10 Angstrom  
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Scanning: line emissivity tables [51 hdus]  
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hdu: 51/51  
Loading: continuum emissivity tables [51 hdus]  
hdu: 51/51  
isis> create_aped_fun( "myplasma", default_plasma_state );  
isis> fit_fun( "myplasma(1)" );  
isis> y2 = eval_fun( x1, x2 );  
isis> ohplot( x1, x2, y2, 2 );
```



```
isis> print( default_plasma_state );  
{norm=1.0,  
  temperature=1e+07,  
  density=1.0,  
  metal_abund=1.0,  
  elem_abund=NULL,  
  elem=NULL,  
  vturb=0.0,  
  redshift=0.0}
```

Modeling astrophysical plasmas (ISIS)

```
isis> list_par;  
myplasma(1)  
idx  param                tie-to  freeze  value  min  max  
1  myplasma(1).norm        0       1       1      0    0  
2  myplasma(1).temperature  0       1     1e+07  0    0  
3  myplasma(1).density      0       1       1      0    0  
4  myplasma(1).vturb        0       1       0      0    0  
5  myplasma(1).redshift     0       1       0      0    0  
6  myplasma(1).metal_abund  0       1       1      0    0
```



Navigating AtomDB with ISIS

SEARCH options

- ❖ `wl(min, max);`
- ❖ `el_ion(Z[, ion]);`
- ❖ `trans(Z[, ion[, upper[, lower]]]);`

returns a boolean array, easy to combine
use where to get a line list:

```
l1 = where( wl(18, 20) & el_ion(0) );
```

SCIENCE

- ❖ `b1 = brightest(n, l1);`
- ❖ `line_em(l1, temps[, dens]);`
- ❖ `ratio_em(l1[0], l1[1], temps[, dens]);`

Get database INFO

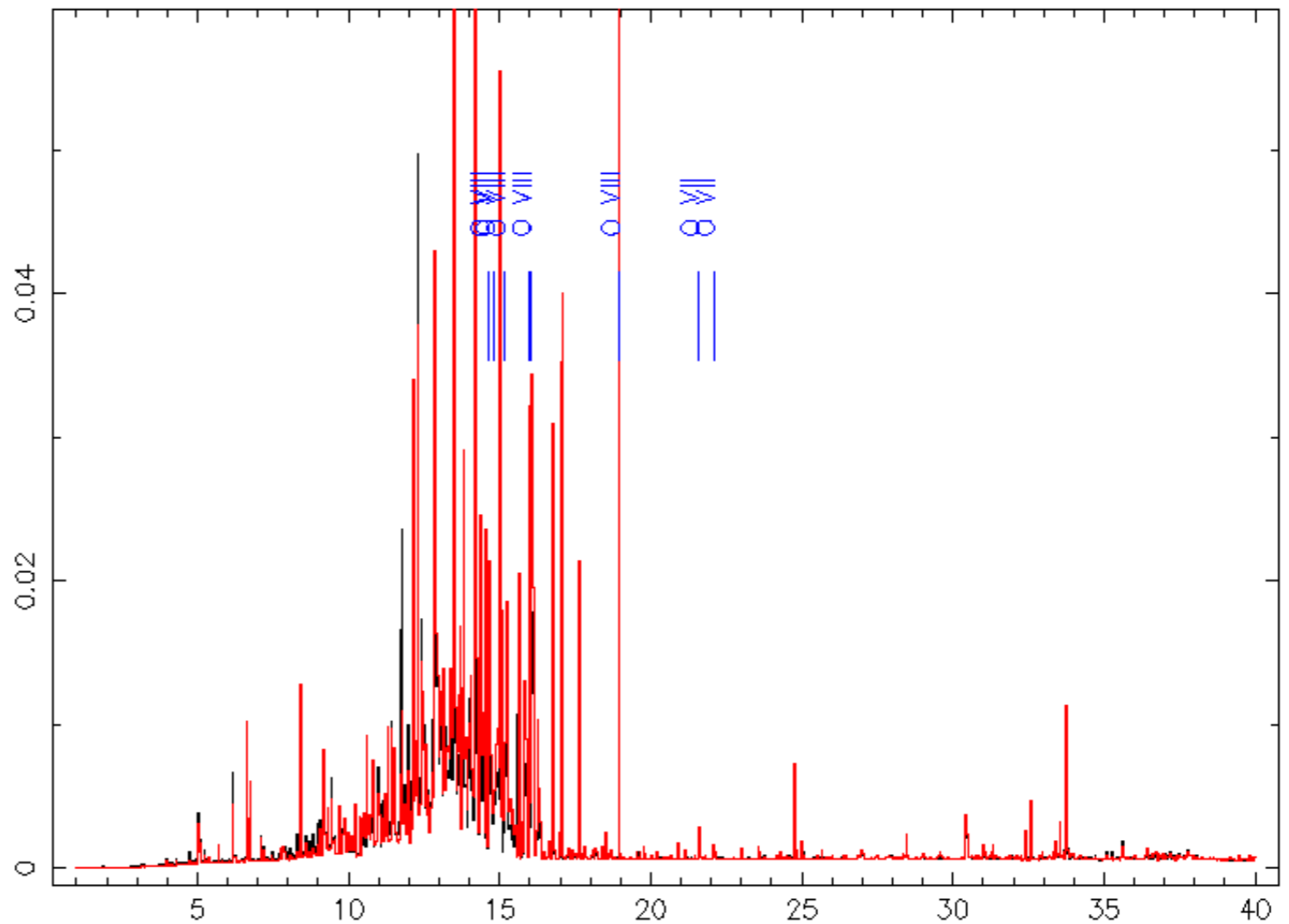
- ❖ `page_group(b1);`
- ❖ `plot_group(b1);`
- ❖ `s = line_info(b1[0]);`

```
isis> print(s);
{flux=0.04733396397989178,
 lambda=18.96711,
 lambda_err=9.0000001e-05,
 A=2.5658209e+12,
 A_err=1.1754944e-38,
 id=50033,
 ion=8,
 Z=8,
 upper=4,
 lower=1,
 upper_g=4.0,
 lower_g=2.0,
 upper_E=653.77435,
 lower_E=0.0,
 upper_L=1,
 upper_S=0,
 lower_L=0,
 lower_S=0,
 up_name="2p1",
 lo_name="1s1"}
```

```

isis> olines = brightest(10, where( el_ion(0) ));
isis> page_group( olines );
#  index  ion  lambda  F (ph/cm^2/s)  A(s^-1)  upper  lower  label
50134 *  0 VIII  14.633  6.564e-04  7.951e+10  28    1 6p1 - 1s1
50091 *  0 VIII  14.821  1.121e-03  1.393e+11  19    1 5p1 - 1s1
50058 *  0 VIII  15.176  2.431e-03  2.774e+11  12    1 4p1 - 1s1
50045 *  0 VIII  15.176  1.330e-03  5.562e+11  11    1 4p1 - 1s1
50041 *  0 VIII  16.006  6.461e-03  6.829e+11  7     1 3p1 - 1s1
50034 *  0 VIII  16.007  3.902e-03  1.367e+12  6     1 3p1 - 1s1
50033 *  0 VIII  18.967  4.733e-02  2.566e+12  4     1 2p1 - 1s1
50031 *  0 VIII  18.973  2.371e-02  2.564e+12  3     1 2p1 - 1s1
40783 *  0 VII  21.602  2.153e-03  3.430e+12  7     1 1s1 2p1 - 1s2
49857 *  0 VII  22.098  1.012e-03  9.120e+02  2     1 1s1 2s1 - 1s2
isis> plot_group( olines );

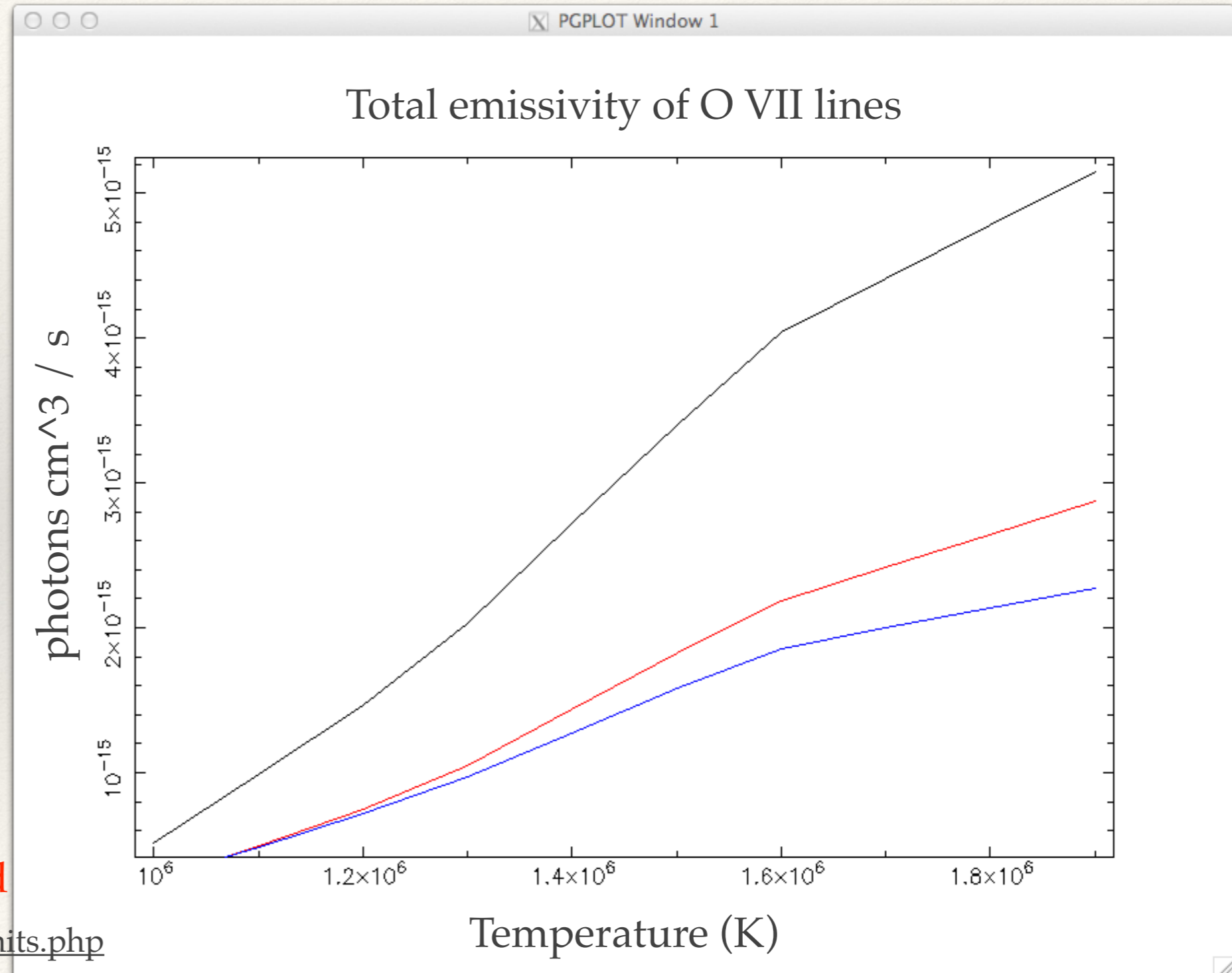
```



```
isis> ovii = brightest(2, where( el_ion(0,7) ) );
isis> temps = [1.e6 : 2.e6 : 1.e5];
isis> emis = line_em( ovii, temps );
```

```
isis> plot( temps, emis );
isis> oplot( temps, line_em(ovii[0], temps), 2 );
isis> oplot( temps, line_em(ovii[1], temps), 4 );
```

line_em gives **sum of line-list emissivities**
as a function of temperature (or dens)

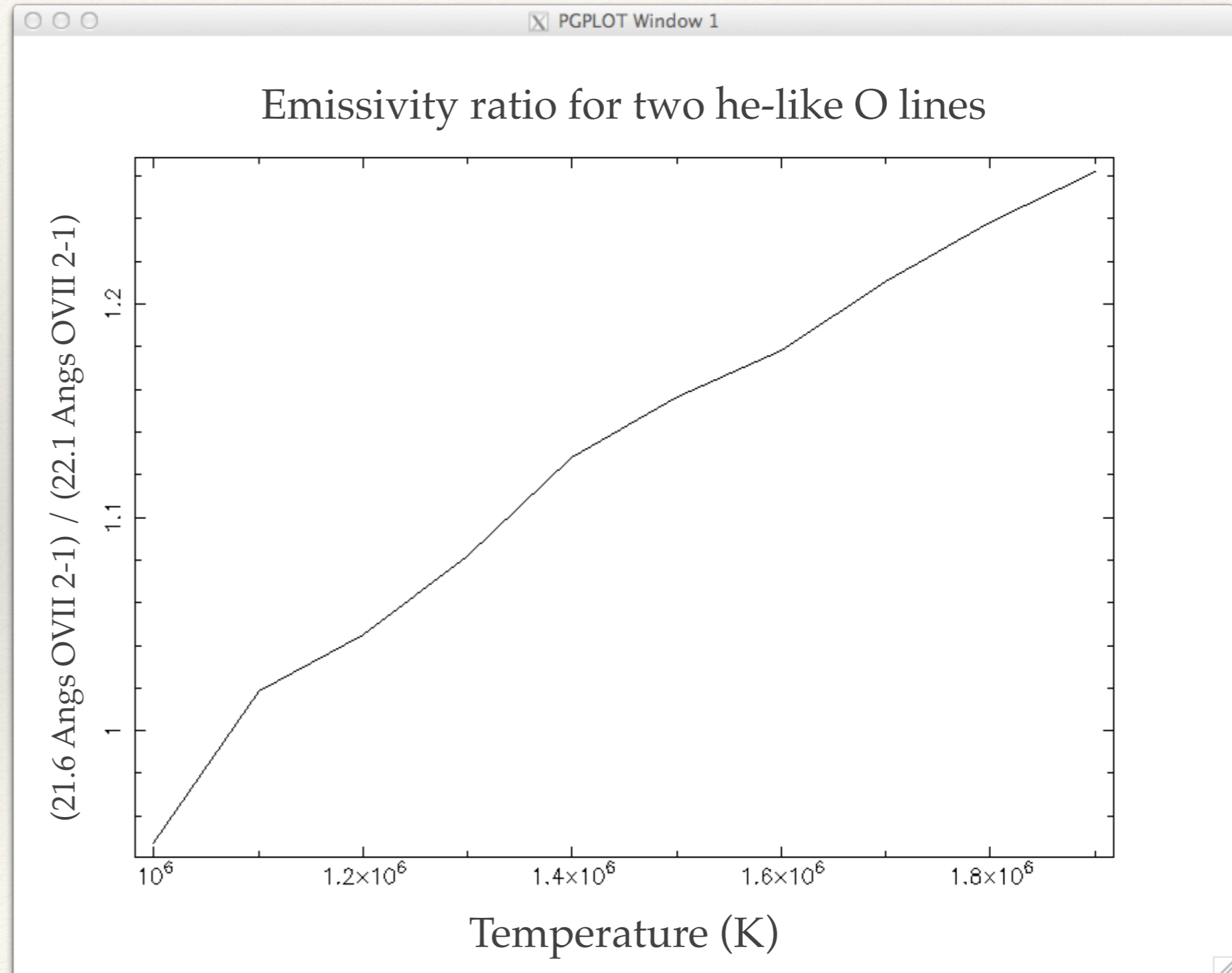


How emissivity is calculated

<http://www.atomdb.org/Physics/units.php>


```
isis> rat = ratio_em( ovii[0], ovii[1], temps);  
isis> plot( temps, rat );
```

ratio_em gives **ratios of emissivities**
as a function of temperature (or dens)
and will keep line-list groups intact



Navigating the *new* XSTAR model databases

Similar philosophy to AtomDB navigation, except:

1. Each model run produces a **separate fits file database**
2. That database file must then be **loaded into a structure**
3. Each **function call acts on the database structure** (instead of environment)

LOAD: ❖ `db = rd_xstar_output("warmabs_1.fits");`

SEARCH: ❖ `xstar_wl(db, min, max);`
 ❖ `xstar_el_ion(db, Z[, ion]);`
 ❖ `xstar_trans(db, Z[, ion[, upper[, lower]]]);`

INFO: ❖ `xstar_page_group(db, ll[; sort]);`
 ❖ `xstar_plot_group(db, ll);`

SCIENCE: ❖ `xstar_strong(n, db[; wmin, wmax]);`

Navigating the **new** XSTAR model databases

Similar philosophy to AtomDB navigation, except:

1. Each model run produces a **separate fits file database**
2. That database file must then be **loaded into a structure**
3. Each **function call acts on the database structure** (instead of environment)

LOAD:

- ❖ `db = rd_xstar_output("warmabs_1.fits");`
- ❖ `dbm = xstar_merge(["warmabs_1.fits", "warmabs_2.fits"]);`
- ❖ `db_grid = xstar_load_grid(filenamees);`

SEARCH:

- ❖ `xstar_wl(db, min, max);`
- ❖ `xstar_el_ion(db, Z[, ion]);`
- ❖ `xstar_trans(db, Z[, ion[, upper[, lower]]]);`

INFO:

- ❖ `xstar_page_group(db, ll[; sort]);`
- ❖ `xstar_plot_group(db, ll);`

SCIENCE:

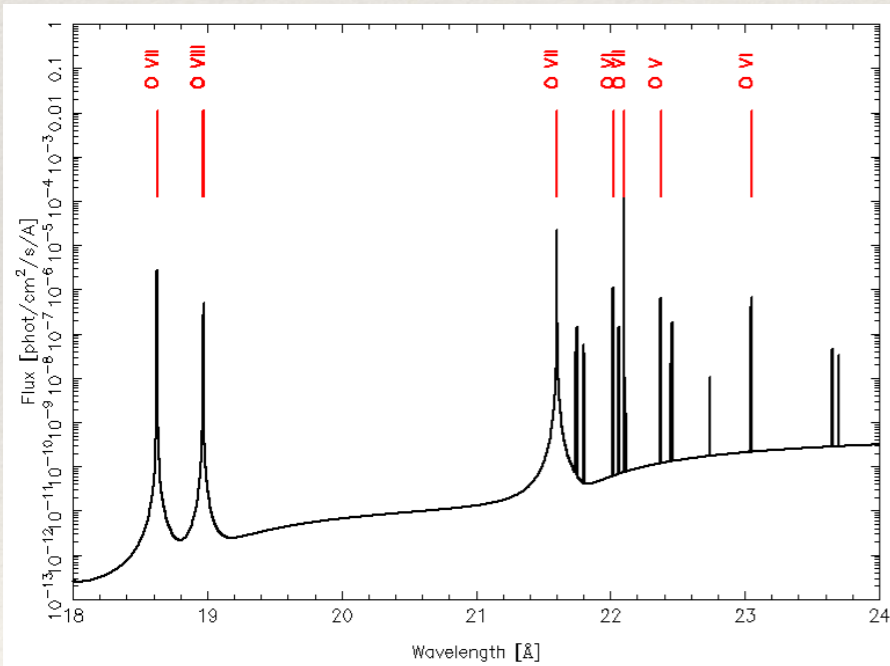
- ❖ `xstar_strong(n, db[; wmin, wmax]);`
- ❖ `xstar_run_model_grid(model_info, "path"[; istart]);`
- ❖ `xstar_line_prop(db_grid, ll, "luminosity");`
- ❖ `xstar_get_grid_par(db_grid, "rlogxi");`

Navigating the *new* XSTAR model databases

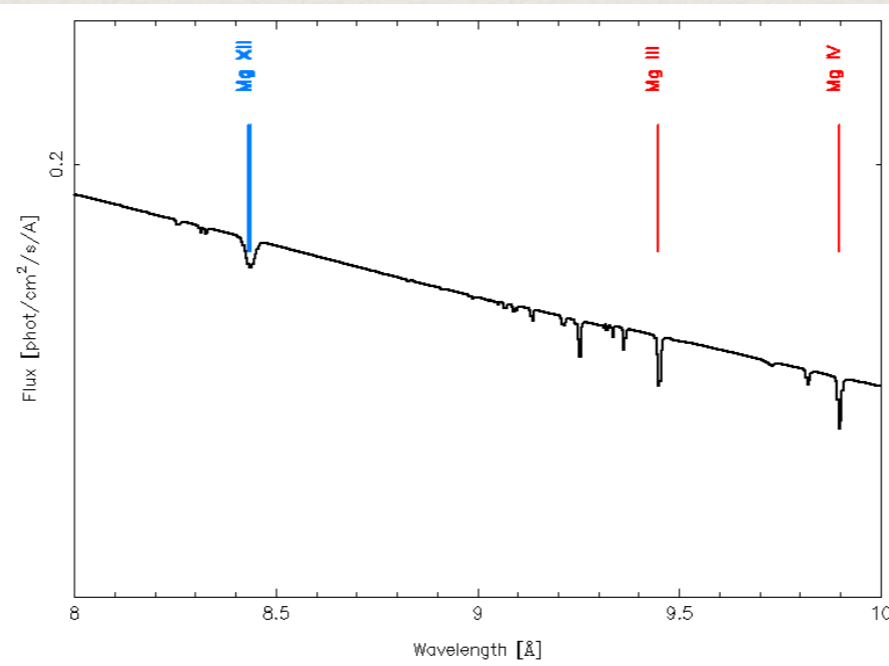
Please see

<http://space.mit.edu/cxc/analysis/xstardb/examples.html>

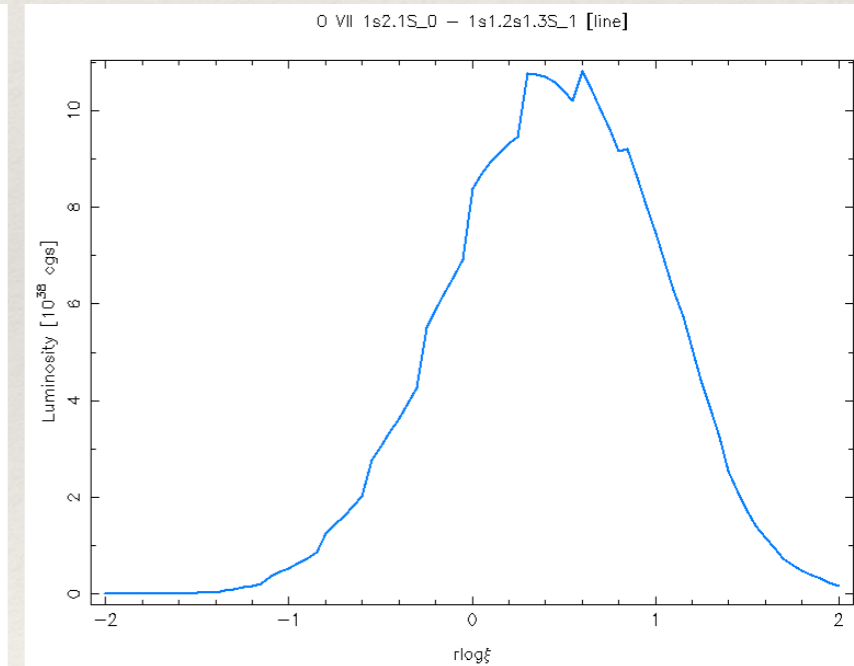
for three essential examples



single photemis model



multiple warmabs models



grid of photemis models
(for line luminosity vs rlogxi)